アロエベラ葉の3種のクロモン成分

岡村信幸, 日根紀子, 立山由紀子, 中澤幹子, 藤岡稔大*, 三橋國英*, 八木 晟

Phytochemistry, 45 (7), 1511–1513(1997)

Three Chromones from Aloe vera Leaves

Nobuyuki Okamura, Noriko Hine, Yukiko Tateyama, Motoko Nakazawa, Toshihiro Fujioka*, Kunihide Mihashi*, and Akira Yagi

ABSTRACT Three new chromone components were isolated from the gel of Aloe leaf. The structures of these compounds, which we have named 8–C–glucosyl–(S)–aloesol, 8–C–glucosyl–7–O–methylaloediol and isorabaichromone, were shown to be 8–C– β –D–glucopyranosyl–2–[(S)–2–hydroxy]propyl–7–hydroxy–5–methylchromone (8–C–glucosyl–(S)–aloesol), 8–C– β –D–glucopyranosyl–2–[(1',2'–dihydroxypropyl)–7–methoxy–5–methylchromone (8–C–glucosyl–7–O–methylaloediol) and 8–C– β –D–[2'–O–(E)–caffeoyl]glucopyranosyl–2–[(S)–2–hydroxy]propyl–7–methoxy–5–methylchromone (isorabaichromone), respectively, by spectroscopic methods.

抄録 アロエベラ葉から 3 種の新規化合物である 8-*C*-glucosyl-(*S*)-aloesol, 8-*C*-glucosyl-7-*O*-methylaloediol と isorabaichromone を単離し、それぞれの化学構造を明らかにした。

^{*} Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Fukuoka University 福岡大学薬学部