

ヒト血小板におけるセロトニントランスポーターへの [³H] 6-nitroquipazine の高親和性結合

橋本謙二, 五郎丸 毅

Eur. J. Pharmacol. 187 : 295 - 302 (1990).

High-affinity binding of [³H] 6-nitroquipazine to 5-hydroxytryptamine transporter in human platelets

Kenji HASHIMOTO and Tsuyoshi GOROMARU

ABSTRACT The characteristics of the binding [³H] 6-nitroquipazine, a very potent and selective inhibitor of 5-hydroxytryptamine (5-HT; serotonin) uptake, to human platelet membranes were studied at a physiological temperature of 37°C. The presence of a single saturable high-affinity binding component for [³H] 6-nitroquipazine was demonstrated. Non-specific binding was estimated in the presence of 1 μM paroxetine. Scatchard analysis revealed an apparent equilibrium dissociation constant (K_d) of 0.450 ± 0.04 nM and a maximal number of binding sites (B_{max}) of 2508 ± 360 fmol/mg protein (mean \pm S. D., $n = 4$). The kinetically derived dissociation constant (K_d) was 0.431 nM. [³H] 6-nitroquipazine binding was inhibited selectively by 5-HT uptake inhibitors, and the potency of various drugs to inhibit [³H] 6-nitroquipazine binding closely correlated with their inhibitory effects on [³H] 5-HT uptake into synaptosome. Moreover, K_i values for drug inhibition of [³H] 6-nitroquipazine binding to human platelet membranes were significantly correlated with the corresponding K_i values for inhibition of [³H] 6-nitroquipazine binding at 37°C. The present results suggest that the binding sites for [³H] 6-nitroquipazine are associated with the 5-HT transporter in human platelets.

抄録 ヒト血小板における [³H] 6-nitroquipazine の結合実験を37°Cで行った。 [³H] 6-nitroquipazine 結合は、セロトニン再吸収阻害剤によって選択的に阻害され、 [³H] 5-HT の再吸収を阻害する力価と良好な相関関係がみられた。又、ヒト血小板における [³H] 6-nitroquipazine の結合に対する K_i 値は、 [³H] paroxetine 結合に対する K_i 値と良好な関係にあった。本実験の結果は、 [³H] 6-nitroquipazine の結合がヒト血小板の

セロトニントランスポーターと関連がある事を示唆している。